Dataset Picked – IPUMS Health Survey

3.

IPUMS (Integrated Public Use Microdata Series) is a project that provides harmonized data on population characteristics from various sources. IPUMS facilitates research in the social sciences, particularly in demography, economics, and health. The project includes microdata samples from the United States and countries worldwide, allowing researchers to compare data across time and space using a standardized set of variables. IPUMS is widely used by researchers and policymakers for various applications, including understanding trends in population characteristics, evaluating social and economic policies, and developing targeted interventions to address specific social issues. IPUMS is owned and operated by the Minnesota Population Center (MPC) at the University of Minnesota. The MPC is a leading research centre in the field of demography and is home to several research projects and initiatives focused on understanding population dynamics and social change. IPUMS was established in 1991 by the MPC and has grown to become a widely used resource for social science researchers worldwide. The project is supported by funding from various sources, including government agencies like the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, private foundations like StatTransfer, and research grants.

The IPUMS Health Survey is an IPUMS project that provides harmonized data on the health, health care access, and health behaviours of the civilian, non-institutionalized United States of America population from 1963 to date. The data provided is extracted from the National Health Interview Survey from 2017 to 2022. IPUMS does not collect the NHIS information directly but obtains it from the National Center for Health Statistics, the agency responsible for conducting the survey; it collects this data through several very detailed questionnaires and surveys, with some questionnaires about family and household being core questionnaires. On average, the survey covers 100,000 persons in 45,000 households each year. Participants in the survey are voluntarily sampled. The population for which the research is being generalized is the United States.

4.

* Income
* Education
* Substance use

5.

* Is a person's daily alcohol consumption associated with their educational attainment?
* Is a household's combined income associated with the educational attainment of each member?
* Is a person's daily cigarette and alcohol consumption associated with the number of jobs the person works?